Step-by-Step IRA Withholding

IRA Withholding Notice & Election

- 1. Determine if withholding applies
- 2. Provide withholding notice
- 3. Capture withholding election

Determine if Withholding Applies

Traditional	Subject to withholding
Roth	Subject to withholding unless nontaxable distribution

Provide Withholding Notice

- Distributions taken less frequently than quarterly provide a notice prior to each distribution, but not more than six months prior to each distribution
- Distributions taken quarterly or more often provide an annual blanket notice

IRC Sec. 3405(e)(10)(B)(ii) states that "... The payer of any nonperiodic distribution shall transmit to the payee notice of the right to make any election provided in subsection (b) at the time of the distribution (or at such earlier time as may be provided in regulations)." §35.3405-1 (F)

And the treasury regulations say "... If distributions from an IRA have begun and are scheduled to be made at quarterly or more frequent intervals, then, in lieu of providing a notice at the time of each distribution, the payer may furnish a blanket notice applicable to all such distributions that are expected to be made to the payee from the account during a calendar year."

• Failure to comply with the notice requirement is subject to a penalty of \$10 per failure, with a maximum of \$5,000 in any calendar year for all such failures by the payer unless due to reasonable cause and not to willful neglect.

Capture Withholding Election



Withholding applies at a rate of 10 percent. However, IRA owners may explicitly elect to

- waive out of withholding, or
- withhold at a rate greater than 10 percent.

Election on file remains in effect until a new election is submitted by the IRA owner.

CAUTION: Annuitized distributions from IR annuities or from annuity contracts under IRAs are considered periodic and are subject to different requirements.



